Record of Votes

Senators Colson and Krueger asked to be recorded as voting "Nay" on the motion to adjourn.

FORTY-THIRD DAY

(Monday, April 6, 1959)

The Senate met at 10:30 o'clock a.m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by the President.

The roll was called and the following Senators were present.

Aikin Baker Martin Bradshaw Moffett Moore Colson Crump Owen Dies Parkhouse Ratliff Fly Fuller Reagan Roberts Gonzalez Hazlewood Rogers Secrest Herring Weinert Hudson Kazen Willis Krueger Wood

Absent-Excused

Hardeman Phillips Smith

A quorum was announced present.

Reverend W. H. Townsend, Chaplain, offered the invocation as follows:

"Holy Father, teach us to so number our days, as to apply our hearts unto wisdom. Night comes on when no man can work. Lighten our work today by the shining of Thy presence, and may the evening time be bright with the radiance of the endless day. We pray in the name of the Risen Christ. Amen."

On motion of Senator Aikin, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of Friday, April 3, 1959, was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

Leaves of Absence

Senator Hardeman was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Martin.

Senator Smith was granted leave of the privileges of the floor today.

absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Rogers.

Senator Phillips was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Baker.

Senate Resolution 288

Senator Parkhouse offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery the A Cappella Chorus of Garland High School accompanied by Mr. James Jackson, Choral Music Director; and

Whereas, These students and guests are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capital City; and

Whereas, These fine young American citizens are here to observe and learn firsthand the workings of their State Government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome this class and request them to sing the National Anthem, and commend them for their interest, and that a copy of this resolution, properly indorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to them in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Parkhouse by unanimous consent presented the Chorus and Mr Jackson to the Members of the Senate.

The Chorus then rendered the National Anthem.

Senate Resolution 289

Senator Krueger offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have as a visitor in the Senate Mrs. Florence Bosl of Schulenburg; and

Whereas, We desire to welcome this distinguished visitor to the Capitol Building and Capital City; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That her presence be recognized by the Senate of Texas and that she be extended the official welcome of the Senate and be extended the privileges of the floor today.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Krueger by unanimous consent presented Mrs. Bosl to the Members of the Senate.

Senate Resolution 290

Senator Herring offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery of the Senate 5th and 6th Grade Classes of Ridgetop School in Austin, Travis County, Tex-as, accompanied by their teacher, Mrs. Florene Barr; and

Whereas, These students are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capital City; and

Whereas, This fine group of young American citizens is here to observe and to learn at firsthand the workings of their State government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome these guests and commend them for their interest; and that a copy of this Resolution, properly endorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to the class in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Herring by unanimous consent presented the students and Mrs. Barr to the Members of the Senate.

Senate Resolution 291

Senator Weinert offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery of the Senate, 57 pupils of the 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th grades of Prairie Lea High School, Prairie Lea, Caldwell County, Texas, accompanied by their teachers, Mr. M. L. Deviney, Mrs. M. L. De-viney, Doyle Gove, Frank Chammis, and Mrs. Velma Barber; and

Whereas, These students are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capital City; and

Whereas, This fine group of young American citizens is here to observe and to learn at firsthand the workings of their State government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That we officially recognize and welcome these guests and newspaper was born in Houston, Tex-

commend them for their interest; and that a copy of this Resolution, properly endorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to them in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Weinert by unanimous consent presented the students, teachers and sponsors to the Members of the Senate.

Message from the House

Hall of the House of Representatives

Austin, Texas, April 6, 1959.

Hon. Ben Ramsey, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate that the House has passed the following:

H. B. No. 27, A bill to be entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Water Engineers to grant water permits for a term of years; providing that this Act be cumulative of other laws and declaring an emergency.'

H. B. No. 498, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Section 7, Senate Bill No. 47, Chapter 36, Acts of the 51st Legislature, First Called Session, 1950, relating to the taking or killing of prong-horn antelope and wild elk; the issuing of permits; providing a repealing clause; and declaring an emergency.

H. B. No. 564, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Sections 16, 17, and 19 of House Bill No. 578, Chapter 209, Acts of the Forty-Eighth Legislature, Regular Session, 1943, relating to the taking or killing of prong-horn antelope and wild elk; the issuing of permits; providing a repealing clause; and declaring an emergency."

Respectfully submitted, DOROTHY HALLMAN, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Senate Resolution 292

Senator Baker offered the following resolution:

Whereas, On April 5, 1885, a small

as, and christened by its founders, The Houston Post; and,

Whereas, This newspaper has continued publication in good times and bad for a period of seventy-four years, picturing the life and times of four generations of Texans and telling the stories of war and peace, depression and prosperity, turbulence and tranquility, for almost three-quarters of a century; and,

Whereas, Many distinguished editors, publishers, writers and reporters have contributed their talents to the growth, integrity and renown of The Houston Post, among those of former years being William Sidney Porter, better known as O. Henry; Rienzi M. Johnston; George W. Bailey; Judd Mortimer Lewis; Ross S. Sterling, and numerous others; and

Whereas, The present owners and guiding spirits of this great newspaper are former Governor William Pettus Hobby and his wife, the eminent Oveta Culp Hobby, together with their son, W. P. Hobby, Jr., and daughter, Jessica Hobby Catto, forming one of America's most noted newspaper families; and

Whereas, The Houston Post lists among its executives such outstanding editors as Arthur Laro, W. D. Bedell, Ed Kilman, Edward S. Welty and Ralph O'Leary; and

Whereas, This newspaper is represented in Austin by two diligent, capable and highly-respected newspapermen, William H. Gardner and Felton West; and

Whereas, The Houston Post daily lives its motto, "Written and Edited to Merit Your Confidence"; now therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Texas extend its heartiest congratulations to The Houston Post as it enters its seventy-fifth year and express to its publishers, editors, staff and entire organization the hope and belief that it will continue to serve the people of Texas as a beacon of freedom, truth, knowledge and information for many years to come.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senate Bill 377 on Second Reading

On motion of Senator Weinert and by unanimous consent, the regular or-

der of business was suspended to take up for consideration at this time on its second reading and passage to engrossment:

S. B. No. 377, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Subdivision 2 of Article 3.39 of Chapter 3 of the Insurance Code (Acts of 1951, 52nd Legislature, Chapter 491, as amended by the Acts of 1955, 54th Legislature, Page 916, Chapter 363, Section 12) to regulate the investments of the funds of life insurance companies; to amend Article 3.34 of Chapter 3 of the Insurance Code (Acts of 1951, 52nd Legislature, Chapter 491, as amended by the Acts of 1953, 53rd Legislature, Chapter 115, Section 1) so as to redefine the term "Texas Securities" to include promissory notes and other obligations, etc., and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time and passed to engrossment.

Senate Bill 377 on Third Reading

Senator Weinert moved that the Constitutional Rule and Senate Rule 32 requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 377 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas-27

Aikin	Martin
Baker	Moffett
Bradshaw	Moore
Colson	Owen
Crump	Parkhouse
Dies	Ratliff
Fly	Reagan
Fuller	Roberts
Gonzalez	Rogers
Hazlewood	Secrest
Herring	Weinert
Kazen	Willis
Krueger	Wood
Lane	

Nays-1

Hudson

Absent—Excused

Hardeman Phillips

The President then laid the bill be-

Smith

fore the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed by the following vote:

Yeas-26

Aikin Lane Martin Baker Moffett Bradshaw Moore Colson Crump Parkhouse Dies Ratliff Reagan Fly Fuller Roberts Gonzalez Rogers Secrest Hazlewood Weinert Herring Willis Kazen Krueger Wood

Nays-2

Hudson

Owen

Absent-Excused

Hardeman Phillips Smith

Conference Committee on House Bill 31

Senator Rogers called from the President's table for consideration at this time, the request of the House for a Conference Committee to adjust the differences between the two Houses on H. B. No. 31 and moved that the request be granted.

The motion to grant the request prevailed.

Accordingly, the President announced the appointment of the following Conferees on the part of the Senate on the bill:

Senators Rogers, Moffett, Owen, Crump and Hardeman.

Senate Bills 81 and 82 Laid on Table

On motion of Senator Herring and by unanimous consent S. B. Nos. 81 and 82 were Laid on the Table.

Senate Bill 421 on First Reading

Senator Moore moved that Senate Rule 114 and Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time, a bill, the provisions of which he explained: The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas-28

Aikin	Lane
Baker	Martin
Bradshaw	Moffett
Colson	Moore
Crump	Owen
Dies	Parkhouse
Fly	Ratliff
Fuller	Reagan
Gonzalez	Roberts
Hazlewood	Rogers
Herring	Secrest
Hudson	Weinert
Kazen	Willis
Krueger	Wood

Absent—Excused

Hardeman Phillips Smith

The following bill was then introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee indicated:

By Senator Moore:

S. B. No. 421, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Article 14, Section 125, Chapter 421, Acts of 50th Legislature, Regular Session, 1947, Codified as Article 6701-D of Vernon's Texas Statutes, regulating the use of lighting equipment as warning or signal devices on motor vehicles; appealing all laws in conflict herewith; and declaring an emergency."

To the Committee on Transporta-

Senate Bill 422 on First Reading

Senator Gonzalez moved that Senate Rule 114 and Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time, a bill, the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas-28

Aikin	Gonzalez
Baker	Hazlewood
Bradshaw	Herring
Colson	Hudson
Crump	Kazen
Dies	Krueger
Fly	Lane
Fuller	Martin

Moffett Roberts Moore Rogers Owen Secrest Parkhouse Weinert Ratliff Willis Wood Reagan

Absent—Excused

Hardeman **Phillips**

Smith

The following bill was then intro-duced, read first time and referred to the Committee indicated:

By Senator Gonzalez:

S. B. No. 422, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending an Act now codified and appearing as Article 1651, Vernon's Civil Statutes of the State of Texas, Annotated, by adding thereto a provision that the County Auditor appointed under the provisions of Title 34, Revised Civil Statutes of the State of Texas, with the consent and by order of the Commissioners Court, may destroy papers, cancelled checks, and vouchers, accounts and records in his control and custody provided said records shall have been on file ten (10) years from their original date, and providing for the manner of destruction, and declaring an emergency; said Act to hereafter read as follows: "

To the Committee on Counties, cities and Towns.

Bills and Resolutions Signed

The President signed in the presence of the Senate after the captions had been read, the following enrolled bills and resolutions:

- S. B. No. 89, A bill to be entitled "An Act authorizing consolidated independent school districts whose names are unduly long to omit the word 'consolidated' from their names; and declaring an emergency.'
- S. B. No. 154, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending H. B. No. 67, Chapter 30, Acts of the Forty-third Legislature at its Fourth Called Session, 1934, by amending Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 and adding an emergency clause so as to permit any city located on the Gulf of Mexico, or on any channel, canal, bay or inlet connected with the Gulf of Mevico, to build, acquire, purchase, take over, construct, enlarge, extend, repair, The Senators present escorted by maintain, improve, replace, develop the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Secre-

regulate, operate, lease, mortgage and encumber their harbors, ports, or navigational facilities in connection therewith or any aids thereto, including but not limited to certain items and things; etc.; and declaring an emer-

- S. B. No. 209, A bill to be entitled "An Act relating to manufacture and sale of bedding; amending Section 2 and Section 5 of Senate Bill No. 200, General Laws of the Forty-sixth Legislature, Regular Session, page 376, as amended, which pertain to the labeling of bedding and registration for selling bedding and enforcement provisions; repealing all laws in conflict with the Act; providing a savings clause; and declaring an emergency.
- S. B. No. 256, A bill to be entitled "An Act authorizing the Commissioners Court of Newton, Sabine, Jasper and San Augustine Counties, Texas, to pay the District Judge of the 1st Judicial District compensation in addition to the compensation paid by the State of Texas; making other provi-sions relating thereto; providing for a severability clause; and declaring an emergency."
- S. B. No. 314, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend subsections (b) and (c) of Section 3, of Article II of the Texas Liquor Control Act (also identified as subparagraphs (b) and (c) of Article 667-3, Vernon's Annotated Penal Code of Texas; and declaring an emergency."
- S. C. R. No. 41, Memorializing Congress of United States relative to retirement benefits of the Armed Forces.
- S. C. R. No. 45, In memory of Mr. Boude Storey, Sr.

Joint Session

(To hear an address by the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, Senior Senator from Texas.)

The President at 10:55 o'clock a.m. announced that pursuant to the provisions of S. C. R. No. 43 previously adopted by the Senate, that the time had arrived for the Joint Session to hear an address by the Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson.

tary of the Senate proceeded to the Hall of the House of Representatives at 10:55 o'clock a.m.

The Senators were announced and were admitted and escorted to the seats prepared for them along the aisle.

The President was invited to occupy a seat on the Speaker's rostrum.

The Honorable Waggoner Carr, Speaker of the House called the Joint Session to order at 11:00 o'clock a.m.

The President of the Senate called the Senate to order and announced a quorum of the Senate present.

The Speaker of the House called the House to order and announced a quorum of the House present.

The Honorable Lyndon B. Johnson, accompanied by Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Price Daniel and Mr. Zollie Steakley, representing Governor Daniel, were announced by the Doorkeeper of the House.

Senator Johnson's party was escorted to the Speaker's Rostrum by Senators Weinert, Lane, Herring, Roberts and Krueger on the part of the Senate and Representatives Smith of Hays, Miss Isaacks, Miss Duff, Dewey, Bridges, Fenoglio, Clements, Wheeler and Parish on the part of the House.

The Speaker announced the purpose of the Joint Session and presented Senator Johnson to the Joint

Senator Johnson then addressed the Joint Session as follows:

OUR RESPONSIBILITIES TO THE PEOPLE

Governor Ramsey, Speaker Carr, Members of the Legislature:

Many warm and personal memories return for me as I visit here where my father served—and where he aspired for me to serve, also. You do me a great honor by your invitation amid the pressing duties of your important labors.

I have not come today to talk of times gone by.

While our memories of the past may be pleasant, the facts of the present do not permit us to linger world, but the cruci in the world of fifty years ago or not among ourselves.

twenty years ago-as Americans or as Texans.

We live in a moving world.

We live in times of change.

Within our lifetimes, much of the ground on which our fathers and grandfathers stood has been cut from under our feet.

OUR POSITION HAS CHANGED

The position of our nation in the world has changed.

The position of our state has changed.

The regions of which we are part the South and the West-have entered

The people we serve are living lives none before them ever knew—and they have new problems, new needs, and new capabilities.

If we who hold the public trust are to be faithful in the performance of our duties, we must acknowledge these changes—and work with the facts as they are, not as we wish them to be. Unless we do this, those values, those standards, and those freedoms we cherish most will not endure for those who come after us.

WE WORK FOR THE SAME PEOPLE

I say this here — to you — for a compelling reason.

We work for the same people.

Whether we work at Washington or at Austin or at any of the statehouses or courthouses or city halls across the land, we fail—and self-government fails—unless we all work in the same direction, for the same goals, and the same purposes.

The lines of state government are not lines drawn across the map to divide us—they are the lines which should tie us together in the unity essential to our survival.

For too long, too many have been wrestling over the right to govern the people—and neglecting the exercise of the responsibility to serve the people.

I say it is time to stop the wrest-ling match between Washington and the states and go back to the work of fulfilling our responsibilities to the people.

COMPETITION NOT AMONG OURSELVES

We are competitors in a competitive world, but the crucial competition is This is one of the facts which we

must face.

We need to remind ourselves that we live in a world which no generation of Americans have ever known before—a world in which Americans no longer enjoy either the comforts of isolated security or the content-

ment of military supremacy.

For the first time, your homes—
and mine—here in Texas are within the target range of the weapons of a potential aggressor. We live less than an hour away from the launching pads of the Communist tyranny on

the other side of the world.

This is a new fact. None before us have ever had to face it. None of our habits, none of our practices, none of our traditional values have been adjusted to it.

TRANSFER OF POWER

There is a second fact we must face.

While our land is young-and our government is young-we have, in our 180 years, seen many tyrannies come and go. We have come to place great faith in the belief that totalitarian governments will eventually collapse of their own injustice.

Hitler and Nazism came and went in barely ten years.

Mussolini and Fascism rose and fell

in the same period.

Yet just within the last six yearssince the death of Josef Stalin-we have seen something happen in Russia which has never happened before in our times. We have seen the Communist dictatorship accomplish an orderly transfer of power from the hands of one dictator to the hands of another tyrant.

If there were no others, these two facts alone would be enough to remind us-and to convince us-that we live now in a changing world. And a world in which many of our standards must change if we are to con-

tinue to live as free men.

NO SECOND-CLASS POWER

We say less than we think we are saying when we respond to this merely by saying that America must be strong. Of course, we must be strong —in men, in missiles, in ships and

planes.

I have had some little experience in this field, and I am doing now all that I can to keep the strength that we have and to add the strength that we need. I do not accept—and I do not believe the people of America accept—the proposition that America tunity that is yours.

must be or can afford to be a secondclass power.

But the strength of arms alone has never been-and will never be-the greatest strength of free men. That strength is the strength we manifest and maintain in our system of free-

And that gets down to the responsibilities you and I carry.

THE SHOW-WINDOW OF FREEDOM

As elected representatives of the people, our handiwork in the legislative halls is the display in the show-window of freedom. The world judges our system by what we accomplish and by how we accomplish it. If the world is to understand our system, believe in it, and embrace it, we in the legislative halls must give to the world convincing evidence of

its greatness.

This responsibility is great in Washington, but it is just as great if not greater-in those seats of government closer to the people.

EDUCATION: THE SHOWPIECE

Our most vital area of competitiveness with tyranny—the area of education—is in your hands. Whether we succeed or fail in that competition depends upon the support and the understanding you give to education for all our young people—at all levels.

Public education is the true showpiece of free men and you are the craftsmen of what we must place on display. I am confident that you will approach this obligation with the dedication worthy of the trust placed in

You have vital roles also in meeting the challenge placed before us by the rise of the cities. Local gov-ernment must—within the next 10 years-pass a stern test to determine whether our families can live a full and free life in our new metropolitan centers or whether their lives shall be blighted.

Your obligations are great in determining whether our rural regions are to become a hollow shell or come to life again as a vibrant force for

our times.

RESPONSIBILITY TO EXERCISE Yes, the State of Texas has rights proud men will defend, but you have responsibility that dedicated men will -and must-exercise with new force and new vigor and new strength.

I congratulate you on the oppor-

I can only regard as a positive gain for freedom the reawakening and the fulfillment of the responsibilities of the levels of government closest to our people.

For our role in the world today we

For our role in the world today we need strength—we need this kind of strength to support the cause of free-

dom.

THE TEST AT BERLIN

Freedom today faces at Berlin a new and demanding test.

This is not the first test-nor the

last.

Beyond next month, we shall face many more Berlins for we are confronted by a resourceful and a strong and a willful adversary. I am concerned about the test before us now, but I am concerned as well by the tests which will come later.

We must do more than merely stand up to the Soviet at Berlin. Mr. Kruschchev is not blind and he is not deaf. He can read—and he can hear—when some in this land say for us to be strong at Berlin but let us weaken ourselves for the Berlins that come later.

If this be our course, we shall make it expedient for the Soviet to settle Berlin today—and wait awhile longer, until we, by our hand, have dissipated the strength of freedom.

This course we must not pursue.

We must not ourselves cut from under our own feet the essential strength on which the future of the free world stands.

I say that this nation can afford the

price of its security.

We can—and we must—pay that price or else we shall pay most dearly with the freedoms of the generations to come after us.

LAY ASIDE THINGS THAT DIVIDE

The time has come, I believe, for men in positions of responsibility at all levels—to focus their attention on what America can do rather than on what it cannot do.

The time has come to re-unite this

nation in spirit.

The time has come to halt the exploitation of region against region, class against class, race against race, and group against group.

The time has come to end the contentions between the branches of our government and the levels of our government.

The time has come to lay aside the things that divide us and take up the

nobler duties and responsibilities of leading the free world.

In this endeavor, our nation needs the strength you can give it—and the leadership you can offer it. For in a world where many things have changed, none have changed more than the position of the elected representatives of the people.

We can no longer merely serve-

we must be leaders.

We must lead for all the people.

We must be above blind partisanship and narrow gains of the moment.

We must, by what we do, give self-government the greatness that will—in our times—inspire and excite all men to join with us in making this world a world of peace and a world of freedom.

As I close, I would add one thing

I shall leave shortly to return to Washington. I do not want to go without expressing to many of you the gratitude of a grateful heart. All of you are being so very helpful and making possible such splendid cooperation between the delegation in Washington and State officials here.

Many of you, at different times, have spoken to me of the subject of what we call 1960. I do thank you for the strength afforded by the compliment of your generous interest. I have no aspirations, no intentions, no ambitions for office other than that I hold.

For five generations, my forebearers have been legislators. The legislative environment is, for me, the natural environment, almost by heridity. Some do not understand, but I am sure you will, that some men simply have the desire to be successful and effective legislators—and that is the only desire in their hearts. That is the case for me.

The presidency of the United States is an office I respect and, so long as I am a Senator or a citizen, I shall respect the office and treat with respect the man in it, whoever he may be. For the sake of our country, I will help the man in that office wherever and whenever such assistance may mean strength for the interests of our land.

It is an office requiring strength and my only interest for 1960 is to work to place in that office a man who will give to it the strength which the survival of freedom necessitates.

Thank you and God bless you.

At the conclusion of the address by Senator Johnson, the Speaker of the House presented Mrs. Lady Bird Johnson, the wife of Senator Johnson, Mrs. Price Daniel, the First Lady of Texas and Mr. Zollie Steakley, Secretary of State, representing Governor Price Daniel to the Joint Session.

Mrs. Johnson expressed appreciation for the welcome home and the privilege of being present.

The President announced the purpose of the Joint Session concluded and requested the Senate to retire to its Chamber.

In Legislative Session

The President called the Senate to order as in Legislative Session at 11:47 o'clock a.m.

Senate Resolution 293

Senator Herring offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have in the gallery of the Senate, Civics Class of Smithville High School of Smithville, Bastrop County, accompanied by their teacher, Billy J. Spencer; and

Whereas, These students are on an educational tour of the Capitol Building and the Capital City; and

Whereas, This fine group of young American citizens is here to observe and to learn at firsthand the workings of their State government; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we officially recognize and welcome these guests and commend them for their interest; and that a copy of this resolution, properly endorsed, bearing the official seal of the Senate, be mailed to them in recognition of their visit.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Herring by unanimous consent presented the students and Mr. Spencer to the Members of the Senate.

House Bills on First Reading

The following bills received from the House, were read the first time and referred to the Committees indicated:

H. B. No. 681, To the Committee on Game and Fish.

- H. B. No. 564, To the Committee on Game and Fish.
- H. B. No. 498, To the Committee on Game and Fish.
- H. B. No. 27, To the Committee on Water and Conservation.
- H. B. No. 168, To the Committee on Legislative, Congressional and Judicial Districts.

House Concurrent Resolution 79 on Second Reading

The President laid before the Senate on its second reading the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 79, Commending the University of Texas Law School on Annual Law Day Observance on April 24, 1959.

The resolution was read and by unanimous consent was considered immediately and was adopted.

House Concurrent Resolution 77 on Second Reading

The President laid before the Senate for consideration at this time the following resolution:

H. C. R. No. 77, Commending M. D. Anderson Foundation for grant to the Texas Legislative Council to cover cost of codifying States' school laws.

The resolution was read and by unanimous consent was considered immediately and was adopted.

Senate Resolution 294

Senator Baker offered the following resolution:

Whereas, Amendment No. 2 to Amendment No. 1, S. B. 122 was adopted by the Senate; and

Whereas, Said amendment called for a change in figures from \$3,168.00 to \$3,640, and

Whereas, There was a mathematical error in calculating said figure and same should have been \$3360.00; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate, That the enrolling room be and it is hereby authorized to correct such figure from \$3640.00 to \$3360.00.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senate Resolution 295

Senator Moffett offered the following resolution:

Whereas, We are honored today to have as visitors in the Senate Messrs. Clyde Whiteside, County Attorney of Baylor County, Texas, and Gene Carter, Editor of the Baylor County Banner, both prominent citizens of Seymour, Texas; and

Whereas, We desire to welcome these distinguished guests to the Capitol Building and Capital City; now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That their presence be recognized by the Senate of Texas and that they be extended an official welcome

The resolution was read and was adopted.

Senator Moffett by unanimous consent presented the distinguished guests to the Members of the Senate.

Address of Senator Lyndon Johnson Ordered Printed in Journal

On motion of Senator Herring and by unanimous consent the address of Senator Lyndon Johnson delivered to the Joint Session today was ordered printed in the Senate Journal.

Presentation of Guests

Senator Hudson by unanimous consent presented as guests of the Senate today Ambassador of Good Will Mr. Abas-Qoli Arab-Sheibani of Iran, Deputy of the 19th Majlis (House of Representatives) from Fassa and Majlis member of the Board of Bank Melli to the Members of the Senate.

House Bill 6 on Second Reading

Senator Willis moved to suspend the regular order of business and take up H. B. No. 6 for consideration at this time.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas-19

Aikin	Hazlewood
Baker	Herring
Crump	Kazen
Fuller	Martin
Gonzalez	Moffett

Owen	Rogers
Parkhouse	Secrest
Ratliff	Willis
Reagan	\mathbf{Wood}
Roberts	

Nays—9

Bradshaw	Krueger
Colson	Lane
Dies	\mathbf{Moore}
Fly	Weinert
Hudson	

Absent-Excused

Hardeman	Smith
Phillips	

The President laid before the Senate on its second reading and passage to third reading:

H. B. No. 6, A bill to be entitled "An Act constituting Arlington State College a fully State-supported coeducational senior college; prescribing and limiting courses of study; providing an effective date; declaring this Act to be cumulative of existing statutes relating to Arlington State College; repealing all laws in conflict herewith; and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read the second time.

Senator Willis offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend H. B. No. 6 by striking out all of lines 18 through 39 of the printed bill.

The amendment was adopted.

Question—Shall H. B. No. 6 be passed to third reading?

Adjournment

Senator Fly moved that the Senate stand adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a.m. tomorrow.

Senator Moffett moved that the Senate stand recessed until 2:00 o'clock p.m. today.

Question first on the motion by Senator Fly to adjourn until 10:00 o'clock a.m. tomorrow, the motion prevailed.

Accordingly, the Senate at 12:15 o'clock p.m. adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a.m. tomorrow.